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Kenſington, June 8.

THE following Addreſs of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal of Ireland in Parliament aſſembled, hath been tranſmitted by Thomas Earl of Wharton, Lord-Lieutenant of that Kingdom, and preſented to Her Majeſty by the Right Honourable the Earl of Sunderland, Principal Secretary of State.

To the QUEEN's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament aſſembled, truly ſenſible of the great and ineſtimable Bleſſings we enjoy under your auſpicious Reign, do with grateful Hearts return our humbleſt Thanks to your Majeſty for the many good Laws obtained the laſt Seſſion, and the Opportunity now given us of meeting again to conſult of what elſe may be neceſſary for the Security and Happineſs of this Kingdom.

We cannot but reflect with Pleaſure on our own Condition, that while moſt of the neighbouring Nations are ſtruggling under the Preſſures of War, or groaning under the heavier Yoak of Tyranny, and imploring your Majeſty's Protection; we who happily feel the nearer Influences, are encouraged by your Princely Care and Goodneſs, to ſtudy and contrive Laws for our Safety and our Eaſe, are called together chiefly for our own Good, and to promote the nobleſt Ends, the Peace and Plenty of our Country.

We beg Leave alſo to take this Occaſion of congratulating your Majeſty on the Glorious Succeſſes of the laſt Campaign, under your Great General the Duke of Marlborough, *and the happy Beginnings of this, which give all your Majeſty's good Subjects the delightful Proſpect, either of a Victorious War, or a Speedy and Honourable Peace.*

And to promote (as far as in us lies) the great Ends which your Majeſty ſeems to have ſo much in view, we do faithfully promiſe to improve and cultivate Union among our ſelves, and to contribute all our beſt Endeavours to ſtrengthen the Proteſtant Intereſt, and maintain the Proteſtant Succeſſion.

And as the Security of our Eſtabliſhed Church and the Protection of our Civil Rights and Liberties, are the moſt valuable Bleſſings we poſſeſs; ſo from the Experience we have of your Majeſty's exemplary Piety, Juſtice, and conſtant Care of both, we promiſe our ſelves that they ſhall ſtill continue ſafe and flouriſhing under your moſt Gracious Government and Adminiſtration.

Turin, May 28. N. S. On Thurſday laſt we received Advice, by Expreſs from Genoa, That Sir John Norris was arrived at Vado with the Fleet under his Command. His Royal Highneſs being adviſed from the Emperor's Ambaſſador at Rome, that the Pope was enclined to adjuſt the Differences with this Court, has ordered the Preſident Gubernaris to repair thither with all Expedition, as his Plenipotentiary, in order to ſettle all Matters now under Debate in his Behalf; the Ambaſſador will accordingly leave this Place within few Days, having already received the laſt Inſtructions from his Royal Highneſs. The Regiment of Foot, commanded by the Count de la Trinita, which has been in Garriſon here all laſt Winter, marched from hence on the 23d Inſtant towards Jaillon near Suza, to reinforce the Troops on that Frontier. Upon Advice that the Enemies were in Motion towards the Valley of Barcelonette, and had ordered the Roads to be mended, as if they had ſome deſign in View, his Royal Highneſs has ordered two Regiments of Foot to march from Coni, to reinforce that Garriſon; he hath alſo commanded ſome heavy Cannon to be ſent thither for the Security of the Place.

Marienburg, June 3. N. S. Yeſterday King Auguſtus, attended by ſeveral of his chief Miniſters, arrived here from Warſaw; from whence he ſet out on the 28th of the laſt Month. The City of Dantzig having in the late Revolution in Poland more particularly adhered to the Intereſts of King Staniſlaus, it was recommended to the Conſideration of the laſt General Diet in Poland, in what Method to proceed againſt that City for their Declaration againſt his Majeſty and the Republick. The Regency of Dantzig ſent a Deputation to Warſaw to accommodate thoſe Differences, and offered to advance a conſiderable Sum of Mony, and alſo to raiſe and maintain a certain number of Men, to attone for their former Behaviour; but the King and States of Poland inſiſting on much greater Demands, their Propoſal was neglected; and it was reſolved, that an Army ſhould be ſent againſt the Town, to reduce them to a Compliance. For this End the Poliſh, Saxon, and Muſcovite Troops are on their March towards this Place, in order to advance before Dantzig, if ſuch Severities are not prevented by a ſpeedy Accommodation. It is ſaid his Majeſty hath given Orders for caſting up Lines on the Frontiers of Poland, to prevent any Irruption from Pomerania, while his Army ſhall be employed in this Expedition. The City of Dantzig hath been diligent in making Preparations for their defence; and at the ſame time they continue their Application to reconcile themſelves to his Majeſty, without engaging in a War.

Lisbon, June 6. N. S. Letters from the Camp at Cancan ſay, that the Confederates had laid a Bridge over the Guadiana near Gernumena, as well to cover Olivenza, as to make an Irruption into Eſtramadura; and that theſe Diſpoſitions had obliged the Enemy to command the Forces that had paſſed the Guadiana, to decamp from Campo-Mayor, and repaſs that River at Badajos, for the Security of their Frontiers. It is expected, that the exceſſive Heats will ſoon oblige both Armies to March into Summer Quarters. The Earl of Galway is not yet recovered of the Gout, but the Anguiſh of his Diſtemper is much abated.

Dublin, June 2. On the 27th of the laſt Month Mr. Payne, Clerk of the Ordnance, delivered in at the Bar of the Houſe of Commons, an Account of all the ſerviceable Artillery in Ireland; and alſo an Account of all the Powder, ſmall Ball, and ſmall Arms remaining in the Garriſons of this Kingdom; which were referred to the Committee appointed to inſpect the Publick Accounts of the Nation. Mr. Stafford reported from the Committee of the whole Houſe, that they had gone through with, and agreed to the Heads of a Bill for the better ſecuring to her Majeſty the Payment of ſuch Duties as ſhall be granted to her Majeſty this Seſſion of Parliament; which being again read and agreed to by the Houſe, Mr. Stafford was ordered to attend his Excellency the Lord-Lieutenant with the ſame, and deſire that it may be tranſmitted into Great Britain in due form. Mr. Upton preſented the Heads of a Bill for the better ſecuring the Liberty of the Subject, and for preventing Impriſonment beyond the Seas, which were read, and committed to a Committee of the whole Houſe on Thurſday next. After which it was ordered that the Committee appointed to inſpect the State of the Linnen-Manufacture ſhould be enlarged. The Houſe adjourned 'till Wedneſday the 31ſt. On the 31ſt it was ordered that Leave be given to bring in a Bill to prevent Dear-ſtealing, and to encourage the imparking of Land: And alſo a Bill for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors now in Confinement. Then the Houſe took into Conſideration a Bill for the further Amendment of the Law, and the better Advancement of Juſtice in certain Caſes; and having made ſome Progreſs therein, it was reſolved that the ſame ſhould be taken into fur her

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